Model X-100 Universal Oximetry System for Pediatric Patients

The first oximetry system to put regional oximetry, pulse oximetry and ease of use at your fingertips.
“NIRS [near-infrared spectroscopy] has been shown in multiple prospective observational studies to identify circulatory inadequacy in specific organ systems, such as the brain, kidney, and gut.”

EQUANOX™ Advance Model 8004CB-NA sensor shown.
Introducing the SenSmart™ Universal Oximetry System: Where advanced clinical utility meets unprecedented ease of use

One test drive with the world’s first universal oximetry system and you know the future is in your hands. With an innovative design that pairs simple with smart, Nonin Medical’s SenSmart™ Model X-100 Universal Oximetry System is a new technology platform that, for the first time, delivers both pulse and regional oximetry measurements today, and is designed to accommodate many more parameters in the future. This is just one of many reasons to re-evaluate your options in regional tissue and pulse oximetry.

More insight from multiple oxygen saturation data points.

Now, one system provides a side-by-side view of regional oximetry (rSO₂), pulse oximetry (SpO₂) and pulse rate values for real-time decision making.

The SenSmart System lets you use any combination of Nonin SenSmart-compatible rSO₂ sensors and/or SpO₂ sensors with any Nonin SenSmart signal processor to monitor up to six sites on a patient.

What’s more, SenSmart’s universal signal processors are considerably smaller, lighter and less intrusive than anything you have used before. Plus, they automatically recognize and display all of your oximetry values on the SenSmart monitor.

Today: Side-by-side view of rSO₂ and SpO₂
You now have the opportunity to explore what a gradient between rSO₂ and SpO₂ might tell you.

- rSO₂ values allow management of patients at risk for compromised oxygen saturation of the brain or other tissues.
- SpO₂ and pulse rate values can help to proactively identify oxygen delivery issues for early intervention.
Introducing Nonin Medical’s Dynamic Compensation™
The first cerebral oximetry algorithm to automatically account for developing neonatal/pediatric brain tissue

The optical properties of brain tissue change significantly during the first few months of life. The SenSmart Universal Oximetry System, combined with EQUANOX™ regional sensor technology, effectively isolates targeted tissue and automatically takes into account the light attenuation changes caused by myelination variation and other developmental changes, providing you with data you can act on.

Figure 1
Myelination development changes the optical properties of the pediatric brain and can vary from patient to patient.

To measure blood oxygen saturation levels, cerebral and somatic oximeters must separate the optical effects of blood from tissue.

Traditional regional oximetry systems utilize different-sized sensors or manual entry of patient age and weight.

No such steps are required with Nonin’s Dynamic Compensation algorithm.

Figure 2
Infants of the same age can be very different developmentally.

*Patent-pending
Nonin’s exclusive EQUANOX technology reduces inaccuracies caused by light scattering effects from non-targeted tissue.

Dual emitters/detectors in the EQUANOX Advance sensor create pairs of reflected light paths through surface tissue and through the cerebral cortex, producing measurements that are minimally affected by intervening tissue or surface effects.

Four-wavelength algorithms translate light information into accurate measurements.

The light absorption information collected by the dual emitter/detector architecture is automatically incorporated into Nonin’s Dynamic Compensation light processing algorithm, to provide real tissue oxygenation saturation values based on the patient’s unique brain development characteristics.

A real-time measurement. A real improvement over trending-only technology.

The SenSmart signal processing data provides the actual percent of oxygenated hemoglobin in the target tissue for display on the monitor. The system’s accuracy is not just tied to the amount of “change from specific patient’s baseline.” This improved accuracy makes it possible to rely on the values, even when no baseline value is available.

Only Nonin’s sensors use two emitters and two detectors to provide cerebral cortex measurements that are minimally affected by intervening tissue or surface effects.²

Other sensors use only one emitter and one or two detectors (examples include CASMED FORE-SIGHT® and Covidien INVOS®) and have significantly greater signal contamination from shallow tissue.²
Clinically proven accuracy, consistency

Instant, absolute rSO\textsubscript{2} accuracy from EQUANOX technology

Davie SN, Grocott HP\textsuperscript{2}

“The EQUANOX contains two light emitters which may provide further accuracy by allowing this device to account for extracranial tissue variation and contamination throughout the entire curvilinear path …”

“The INVOS demonstrates a relatively short distance between its near and far field detectors … this appears to be insufficient to appropriately distinguish extracranial from cerebral tissue.”\textsuperscript{2}

Study Results/Conclusions

The primary objective of this study was to determine which NIRS-derived cerebral oxygen saturation technology best eliminates signal contamination from extracranial tissue. This study showed in a statistically significant manner that of the three cerebral oximeters, EQUANOX technology had the least interference from extracranial tissue.

![Figure 5](image)

**Percent change from baseline after occlusion for 5 minutes (%)**

- **FORE-SIGHT**: 11.8 ± 5.3, p = 0.0487
- **INVOS**: 16.6 ± 9.6, p = 0.0019
- **EQUANOX**: 6.8 ± 6.0, p = 0.025

Figure 5

Percent change from the baseline regional cerebral oxygen saturation measurement of FORE-SIGHT, INVOS 5100-PB, and EQUANOX Classic 7600, after occlusion of the head cuff for 5 minutes.\textsuperscript{2}

Accurate, dependable SpO\textsubscript{2} readings from PureSAT\textsuperscript{®} technology

Nonin Pulse Oximetry System with PureSAT technology had excellent accuracy throughout all saturation levels.

Study Results/Conclusions

Twelve healthy subjects underwent a standard breath-down protocol to achieve arterial oxygen saturation between 70\% and 100\%. SpO\textsubscript{2} values were compared to the gold-standard, which is CO-oximetry analysis of arterial blood samples.

Accuracy – a combined measure of error and variability – was excellent with the Nonin oximeter and sensor in all subjects throughout the most challenging environments.
and reliability

“Accuracy is improved by using more wavelengths, more source-detector separations ...”
“... dual-emitter/dual-detector sensor and dynamic compensatory algorithms more effectively eliminate scalp and skull contamination to focus on brain tissue and automatically adjust for variations in tissue optical properties to improve accuracy over a wide range of age and physiologic condition.”

Kreeger R, et al

Study Results/Conclusions

This is the largest published multicenter study to date calibrating and validating an advanced technology NIRS cerebral oximeter for use in children with congenital heart disease.

• This cerebral oximeter accurately measured the absolute value of cerebral saturation in children over a wide range of oxygenation and subject characteristics, offering advantages in assessment of cerebral hypoxia-ischemia in congenital heart disease.
• The accuracy was consistent, even in low saturation, and the researchers did not detect any impact of skin color, age or gender.

Figure 6
Eighty-six congenital cardiac patients were evaluated, from neonate through pediatrics, with varying skin color and a wide range of SavO₂ representative of typical patient physiology. Simultaneous arterial and jugular bulb samples were analyzed by CO-oximetry. Cerebral oxygen values were taken at the same time with the EQUANOX 8004CB sensor series.

Figure 7
Differences between the Nonin PureSAT SpO₂ technology and CO-oximeter values. Nonin PureSAT SpO₂ technology demonstrated consistent accuracy even at low saturations.
Nonin’s EQUANOX Advance Model 8004CB sensor represents a major step forward in pediatric patient monitoring because it provides a single-sensor solution designed specifically for pediatric patients. Until now, most pediatric cerebral/somatic oximetry sensors have essentially been trimmed versions of adult sensors.

The sensor features adhesive and non-adhesive versions, a small footprint for space-saving placement, and light path spacing for pediatric-appropriate tissue depth readings. Nonin’s patent-pending Dynamic Compensation algorithm automatically calculates accurate, patient-specific values.

And, because the EQUANOX 8004CB provides a single-sensor solution for all patients less than 40 kg, it simplifies protocols and inventory requirements, saving time and money. In addition, there is no need to input patient age and weight.
Accuracy you can act on in pulse oximetry

Nonin’s clinically proven PureSAT pulse oximetry technology utilizes intelligent pulse-by-pulse filtering to provide precise oximetry measurements when combined with Nonin’s reusable soft SpO2 sensors. Result: Fast, accurate and reliable readings even in patients with low perfusion or in the presence of motion.

SenSmart Soft SpO2 Sensors

8100SL
Large Soft Sensor

Digit thickness:
12.5 to 25.5 mm
(0.5 to 1 in)

8100SM
Medium Soft Sensor

Digit thickness:
10 to 19 mm
(0.4 to 0.75 in)

8100SS
Small Soft Sensor

Digit thickness:
7.5 to 12.5 mm
(0.3 to 0.5 in)

The SenSmart System’s EQUANOX Advance rSO2 sensors are spatially resolved to calculate accurate, patient-specific values. The rSO2 display refreshes every 1.5 seconds, so if tissue saturation is changing, you will see it when it happens.

SenSmart EQUANOX rSO2 Sensors

EQUANOX Advance Model 8004CA (adhesive), 4-wavelength sensor. For patients >40 kg
Depth of measurement ~20 mm

EQUANOX Advance Model 8004CB (adhesive), and EQUANOX Advance Model 8004CB-NA (non-adhesive), 4-wavelength sensors. For patients <40 kg
Depth of measurement ~12.5 mm

Note: A 3-wavelength trending sensor for patients >40 kg is also available upon request: EQUANOX Classic Plus Model 8003CA
Signal Processors

- Smaller (33 cc) and less bulky (40 g/1.4 oz) signal processors are easy to work around, easy to move around and will not get in your way. Ideal for use in a variety of settings including neonatal incubators and minimum space-on-bed situations.
- Fast start-up and fast signal acquisition deliver readings within seconds. Turn the system on and start monitoring.
- Easy to use, the color-coded and numbered universal signal processors connect to any of the six hub ports. Channels will display properly without any need to connect to the hub in any certain order.
- Sensor-lock eliminates disconnections.

rSO₂ Sensors

- Flexible sensors conform easily to patient anatomy.
- Adhesive and non-adhesive options for neonate/infant/pediatric patients.
- Center orientation of the rSO₂ sensor cables allows for directing cables over the patient’s forehead, preventing sideways torquing on the sensor cable or pressure against skin surfaces with sideways movement of the head.
- Immune to the effects of ambient light; no need to cover the exposed sensor and surrounding skin with a light-shielding drape.
- Skin color or pigmentation has not been shown to affect the accuracy of the readings.

Unprecedented ease of use
The beauty of working smarter rather than harder

From a portable monitor to smaller signal processors to interchangeable rSO₂ and SpO₂ sensors, the SenSmart System brings new possibilities that support your decision-making process today, and provides a platform for adding more parameters in the future.
SpO2 Sensors

- High-intensity pure light spectrum eliminates variations in readings from patient-to-patient and sensor-to-sensor.
- Fast, accurate SpO2 readings.
- Reusable with a durable design and comfortable fit for continuous monitoring.
- Form fitted to decrease ambient light interference.
- Available in three patient sizes.
Monitor

- Color-coded display automatically recognizes and displays signal processor channel number, oximetry type (rSO₂ and/or SpO₂), and lets you select or customize display of sensor site per channel. In multi-sensor situations you can quickly identify which sensor is which channel, so you can focus on the patient, not the monitoring system.
- Intuitive, easy-to-operate user interface includes optional patient I.D. capability, as well as the ability to scroll back in the case and/or instantly retrieve a table of event values recorded.
- Weight advantage: 900 g (2 lbs) versus the 6.85 kg (14 lbs) of other regional oximetry systems currently on the market.
- Up to 10 customizable presets allow quick start, even when departments or individual clinicians have unique preferences. A major advancement for clinicians dissatisfied with “one-configuration-fits-all.”

Cables

- 4-meter hub cables allow flexibility in system placement; plus 1- or 2-meter signal processor extension cables increase range when needed.
- Thin, durable sensor cables shielded from ambient electronic signals; ideal for use in a variety of settings including OR, ICU, Electrophysiology and NICU.

- Easy-to-read, configurable trend lines (rSO₂) and plethysmography displays (SpO₂) for a quick visual reference.
- Data transport to electronic medical record (EMR) systems via the hospital’s interface engines.
- Long battery life (three hours when operating with two channels) makes it suitable for easy transport in and outside of the hospital.
- Up to 840 hours of data memory and SenSmart™ Download Software for case analysis, record keeping or research. State-of-the-art Bluetooth® wireless connectivity allows you to download cases without a connecting cable.
- Designed to work with the Philips® IntelliBridge® interface and Philips IntelliVue® patient monitors to provide parameter and trend line display.
- Display can operate in eight different languages.
## Compare oximetry systems

### Feature for feature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Moniter System</th>
<th>Nonin Medical SenSmart™ Model X-100 Universal Oximetry System</th>
<th>Covidien® INVOS® rSO₂ System</th>
<th>CASMED® FORE-SIGHT® rSO₂ Oximeter System</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>900 g / 2 lbs</td>
<td>6.85 kg / 14 lbs</td>
<td>6.85 kg / 14 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum channels</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Battery life</td>
<td>3 hours (when operating with 2 channels)</td>
<td>20 minutes</td>
<td>1.5 hours</td>
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<td>Battery design</td>
<td>Lithium ion</td>
<td>Lead-acid</td>
<td>Lead-acid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Battery re-charge time</td>
<td>2.5 hours</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>16.5 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>Instant reading</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>No†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal processor/pre-amp size (Approx.)</td>
<td>33 cc</td>
<td>318 cc</td>
<td>121 cc</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Operational Parameters

| Display range of rSO₂ | 0–100% | 15–95% | 0–99% |
| Display range of SpO₂ | 0–100% | n/a    | n/a   |
| Refresh rate         | 1.5 seconds | 5–6 seconds | 2 seconds |
| Data entry required for rSO₂ pediatric use | No | No | Yes |

### rSO₂ Sensor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cerebral indications</th>
<th>Trending, Absolute</th>
<th>Trending only</th>
<th>Absolute only</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Somatic indications</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wavelengths</td>
<td>3, 4</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>Tolerant of ambient light</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of light emitters</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of light paths</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1–2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SpO₂ Sensor

| SpO₂ accuracy | 70-100% ±2 digits¹ | n/a | n/a |
| SpO₂ low perfusion accuracy | 70-100% ±2 digits¹ | n/a | n/a |
| Pulse rate accuracy | 18-300 BPM ±3 digits¹ | n/a | n/a |
| Pulse rate low perfusion accuracy | 40-240 BPM ±3 digits¹ | n/a | n/a |

### Warranty Comparison

| Monitor warranty | 36 months | 12 months | 12 months |

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* Requires signal strength detection
† Requires setup before sensor reading
¹ See Instruction for Use (IFU) for more information on product specifications and testing
Specifications subject to change without notice.
Nonin Medical: Leaders in Noninvasive Medical Monitoring

Nonin Medical is a technology-driven company and a leader in developing high performing, low cost, easy-to-use noninvasive medical monitoring solutions. Nonin took NIRS-based oximetry to a new level of clinical utility when it invented the fingertip pulse oximeter, so the move to provide clinicians with an accurate, versatile, portable regional oximeter was a natural one. Today, Nonin’s new SenSmart™ Universal Oximetry System takes clinical utility and convenience to the n\textsuperscript{th} degree, utilizing the same innovative sensing and signal processing technologies that already give millions of clinicians the confidence that the numbers they see reflect their patients’ true physiology.

Nonin Medical NIRS-based oximetry advancements include:

1990 — Introduced world’s first portable hand-held pulse oximeter
1995 — Introduced world’s first fingertip pulse oximeter — the Onyx® 9500
2004 — Introduced world’s first pulse oximeter with Bluetooth® wireless technology
2009 — Introduced EQUANOX™ regional oximetry system
2011 — Introduced industry-leading accuracy* in the EQUANOX Advance™ adult absolute regional oximetry sensor for cerebral and somatic applications
2011 — Released world’s first regional oximetry OEM Solution
2012 — Introduced Nonin’s Dynamic Compensation™ algorithm which automatically accounts for pediatric brain tissue development variation when measuring oxygen saturation levels
2013 — Introduced world’s first rSO\textsubscript{2} /SpO\textsubscript{2} universal oximetry system

For more information, visit sensmart.com.

* EQUANOX 8004CA sensor

References